



Christianity

Christians generally believe Jesus to be son of God, the second person of the Trinity. It is a monotheistic religion, meaning it has only one God. It is based on the life and teachings of Jesus of Nazareth.



Mother Teresa

Mother Teresa was the founder of the Order of the Missionaries of Charity, a Roman Catholic congregation of women dedicated to helping the poor. Considered one of the 20th Century's greatest humanitarians, she was canonized as Saint Teresa of Calcutta in 2016.



Missionary

A missionary is someone who attempts to convert others to their belief system. Missionaries take that name because they go on “missions”—usually to foreign countries—to spread their beliefs, while also providing some sort of basic relief or services to individuals and communities.



Legacy

While we are alive, our legacy is a mere abstraction — an idea about what we hope to leave behind. We might think of it as our mission or life purpose. At any moment our legacy is a summary of who we are and how we will be remembered should we die in this moment.



Oliver Cromwell

Oliver Cromwell was an English general and statesman who led the Parliament of England's armies against King Charles I during the English Civil War and ruled the British Isles as Lord Protector from 1653 until his death in 1658.



Puritan

The Puritans were members of a religious reform movement that arose within the Church of England in the late 16th century. They believed the Church of England was too similar to the Roman Catholic Church and should eliminate ceremonies and practices not rooted in the Bible.



Reign

Hold royal office; rule as monarch.



Martin Luther King

Martin Luther King Jr. was an African American minister and activist who became the most visible spokesperson and leader in the civil rights movement from 1955 until his assassination in 1968.



Civil Rights

The civil rights movement was an organised effort by black Americans to end racial discrimination and gain equal rights under the law. It began in the late 1940s and ended in the late 1960s. Although tumultuous at times, the movement was mostly nonviolent and resulted in laws to protect every American's constitutional rights, regardless of colour, race, gender or national origin.