





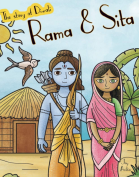





Nursery R.E. Knowledge Goals

	<p>Who is in our family? How can families be different? What do we celebrate?</p> <p>We treat everyone equally.</p>
	<p>Know the features of the Diwali celebration: diva lamp, fireworks and rangoli patterns</p> <p>Recognise the clothes worn for Diwali party</p>
	<p>Know the features of Chinese New Year: lantern, dragon and significance of the colour 'red'</p> <p>Know the hongbao and why this is used</p>
	<p>Know the nativity story</p>
	<p>Know different ways in which Christmas is celebrated</p>








Reception R.E. Knowledge Goals Autumn





	<p>Who is in our family? How can families be different?</p> <p>We treat everyone equally.</p>
	<p>The story of Rama and Sita.</p> <p>How good triumphs over evil.</p>
	<p>Know the events of Diwali</p> <p>Compare this to their own celebrations.</p>
	<p>Know the events in the Nativity story.</p>
	<p>Know the people in the Nativity story. Compare to those in the Diwali story.</p>





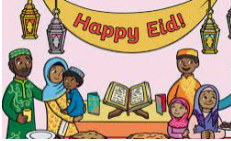

EYFS RE Knowledge Goals Spring

	<p>Know where Africa is in the world.</p> <p>Know what Africa is like.</p>
	<p>Know where India is in the world.</p> <p>Know what India is like. Know what is celebrated in India.</p>
	<p>Know what happens in Chinese New Year.</p> <p>Know the special foods in Chinese New Year celebrations.</p>
	<p>Know where China is.</p> <p>Link to knowledge of where India is.</p>
	<p>Know where Australia is in the world.</p> <p>Know what Australia is like.</p>





Year 1 RE Knowledge Goals Autumn 1 Belonging

	<p>Belonging is feeling like you are an important member of a group or family.</p> <p>People who believe in God belong to a religious family.</p> <p>We have symbols to show where we belong.</p>
	<p>Special is something you love. It could be your family, place or religion.</p>
	<p>Families keep a religious following that helps to create a bond in the family</p> <p>Each family cares and looks after each other.</p>
	<p>We have many different religions represented in our school, the local community and the world.</p> <p>People wear something special to show they belong to a particular religion.</p>
	<p>We have different ceremonies to celebrate the arrival of new babies.</p>




Year 1 RE Knowledge Goals Autumn 2 -Religious stories

	<p>Diwali is known as the 'Festival of Lights' Diwali celebrates good triumphing over evil Diwali also celebrates the return of Rama and Sita - built on Year 1 Learning.</p>
	<p>Ramadan is celebrated by Muslims. Muslims don't eat from sunrise to sunset. This is called fasting.</p>
	<p>Muslims celebrate Eid at the end of Ramadan. Muslims celebrate Eid to mark the end of Ramadan.</p>
	<p>Christians celebrate the birth of the baby Jesus at Christmas time.</p>





Year 1 RE Knowledge Goals Spring 1 -Places of Worship

	<p>A Church is central to the Christian faith, and it is where the community comes together to worship and praise God.</p> <p>The Christians special book is called the bible.</p> <p>The Church is special because it is a community centre where the Christians gather together and take part in activities such as prayers, weddings, funerals and learning about Christianity.</p>
	<p>A Mandir is a Hindu temple and is special to the Hindus.</p> <p>They have many murtis to pray to. A bell is rung to awaken god when they enter the Mandir.</p> <p>Hindu's have a service of worship called Aarti, performed at least twice a day.</p> <p>Hindus believe in one God, Brahman, but the millions of qualities that Brahman has are represented by millions of different gods and goddesses.</p>
	<p>A Mosque is a central place for the Muslim faith. When praying, they face the direction of the Kaaba which is the sacred building at Mecca.</p> <p>They perform Wudhu before praying and reading the Koran which is their special book.</p> <p>The mosque is special because it is a community centre where the local muslim people can gather together and take part in activities such as prayers, weddings, funerals and learning about islam</p>
	<p>The Jewish people go to the Synagogue to worship and study. The Jewish leader is called a Rabbi and he leads the prayer.</p> <p>Children go to the synagogue to learn how to read the Torah which is their special book.</p> <p>The Synagogue is special because it is a community centre where the Jewish people can gather together and take part in activities such as prayers, weddings, funerals and learning about the teachings from the Torah</p>




Year 1 RE Knowledge Goals Spring 2 - Christian Holidays

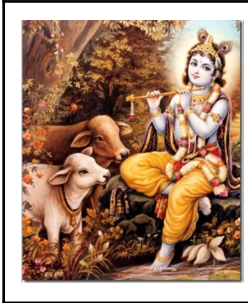
	<p>Palm Sunday is a Christian holiday. It happened before the Crucifixion. Palm Sunday is the beginning of Holy Week, Palm Sunday is about the journey Jesus made into Jerusalem. Jesus was going to celebrate the Jewish festival of Passover</p>
	<p>Jesus celebrated a special meal with his friends (disciples) called the last supper. Judas betrayed Jesus It is a meal that Christians celebrate today to remember Jesus and how He died and rose again.</p>
	<p>Mary discovered the tomb was empty.</p>
	<p>Easter is the celebration about the end of Jesus.</p>

Year 1 RE Knowledge Goals Summer 1


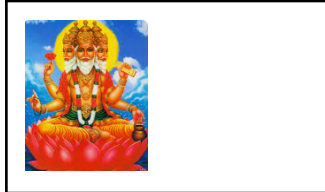
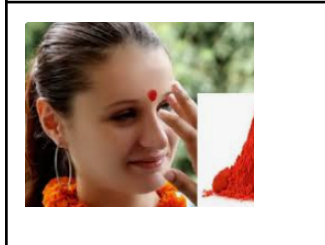
	<p>While there are some similarities between people, what makes each person so special is their individuality.</p> <p>We can all belong to different religions but we all respect each other.</p> <p>We can all share different interests but all share the same ones too.</p> <p>We have different personality traits.</p>
	<p>People have different values- not everyone's ideas are the same.</p> <p>It is important to follow rules in life so we can live in a happier society. E.g not to hit anyone.</p> <p>Values guide us towards healthy development of positive relationships</p> <p>Our British values help us understand that sharing and collaborating is very important.</p>
	<p>Christians try to show God's love through their actions.</p> <p>By loving their neighbour Christians show their care for all people.</p> <p>Belonging to the Community and supporting the community.</p> <p>Christians belong to a worldwide family.</p> <p>People who followed the example of Jesus.</p>
	<p>Respect for all people and living things</p> <p>The importance of caring for others</p> <p>Respect for Other people (shown through namaste), all forms of life, especially the cow</p> <p>Hospitality is important to Hindus</p> <p>Working to support the environment</p>

Year 1 RE Knowledge Goals Summer 2


	<p>The word 'trimurti' means 'three forms'. In the trimurti, Brahma is the creator, Vishnu is the preserver and Shiva is the destroyer.</p> <p>In a Hindu temple, there are no images of Brahman. However, there are many images of gods and goddesses.</p> <p>Brahma brings the universe into being. Brahma is not worshipped by many Hindus today, in comparison to the other two murtis.</p>					
	<p>Shrine is called the murti. People leave offerings such as flowers, fruit, water, milk, nuts or incense by the murti as a sign of respect for the God which the temple is dedicated to.</p> <p>Puja is usually performed every day and can take place either in the home or the Hindu temple, which is called a Mandir.</p> <p>A Hindu home usually has a shrine, which is a special place in a Hindu home where they can go to pray.</p> <p>The shrine has pictures of the gods and goddesses the family worship.</p>					
	<p>Ganesh is the Hindu God of removing obstacles and the God of wisdom.</p> <p>Hindus pray to Ganesh when they are facing challenges or new beginnings, such as moving on to a new year group or moving to a new country.</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="367 852 696 1291"> <tr> <td>Big Head- full of knowledge</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Small Eyes- concentrate</td> </tr> <tr> <td>One broken and one full tusk- the world is good and bad- keep the good and rid of the bad</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Big Ears- listening is important</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Rat- Removes obstacles</td> </tr> </table>	Big Head- full of knowledge	Small Eyes- concentrate	One broken and one full tusk- the world is good and bad- keep the good and rid of the bad	Big Ears- listening is important	Rat- Removes obstacles
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	<p>Krishna is one of the most popular gods and most people pray to him</p> <p>His features are: cows- cowherd; peacock feature- third eye; flute- beautiful music; crowns- sacred</p> <p>He is the god of love and devotion.</p> <p>Janmashtami is celebrated when Krishna is believed to have been born according to Hindu tradition</p>
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Year 2 RE Knowledge Goals Autumn 1-Hinduism (Artefacts used in puja)

	<p>The religious artefacts that are used during puja are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -The bell -Incense sticks -Kum-kum powder -Diva lamp Water container and spoon
	<p>Hindus believe in a universal soul or God called Brahman. Brahman takes on many forms that some Hindus worship as gods or goddesses in their own right.</p>
	<p>Use of artefacts during puja include</p> <p>They will take some kum-kum powder and place it on their forehead and the head of the murti (God) as a blessing.</p> <p>Worshippers would ring the bell to announce to the Gods that they are ready to pray.</p> <p>They will take some kum-kum powder and place it on their forehead and the head of the murti (God) as a blessing.</p>



	<p>Use of artefacts during puja include</p> <p>Water is used for cleansing the deity(God). Water offered to the deity and the water collected after bathing the Deities are considered very sacred.</p>
	<p>Devotion is strong love, affection, or dedication. Devotion also includes activities that you love to do such as, a sport, art, music and taking part in charities.</p>